COMMENTS ON BILL 23 More (AFFORDABLE) Homes, Built Faster

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@ubcHART

HART Overview

The Housing Assessment Resource Tools (HART) project is funded by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) to research solutions to Canada's housing crisis. We offer comprehensive solutions to the unique problems faced by communities of all shapes and sizes cross-country.





The goal of the project is to develop standardized, replicable, equity-focused and evidence-based tools, along with associated public information and training, to improve the quality of housing supply decision-making at all levels of government across Canada.



Our tools

Our tools are standardized, replicable and evidence-based, and will be released along with associated public information and training, to improve the quality of housing supply decision-making at all levels of government across Canada.





Housing Need Assessment Tool

Land Assessment Tool

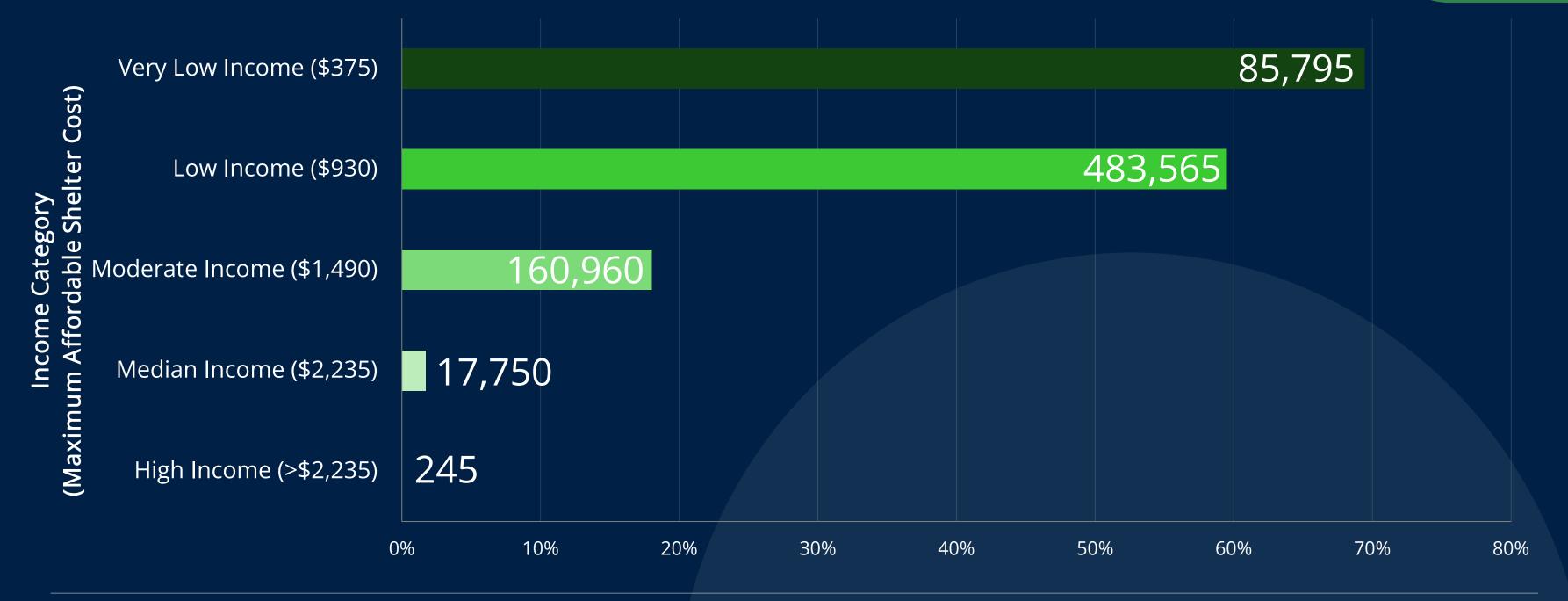


Housing Assessment Resource Tools (HART)



Property Acquisition Tool

ONTARIO Percent of households (HHs) in Core Housing Need, by HH Income Category





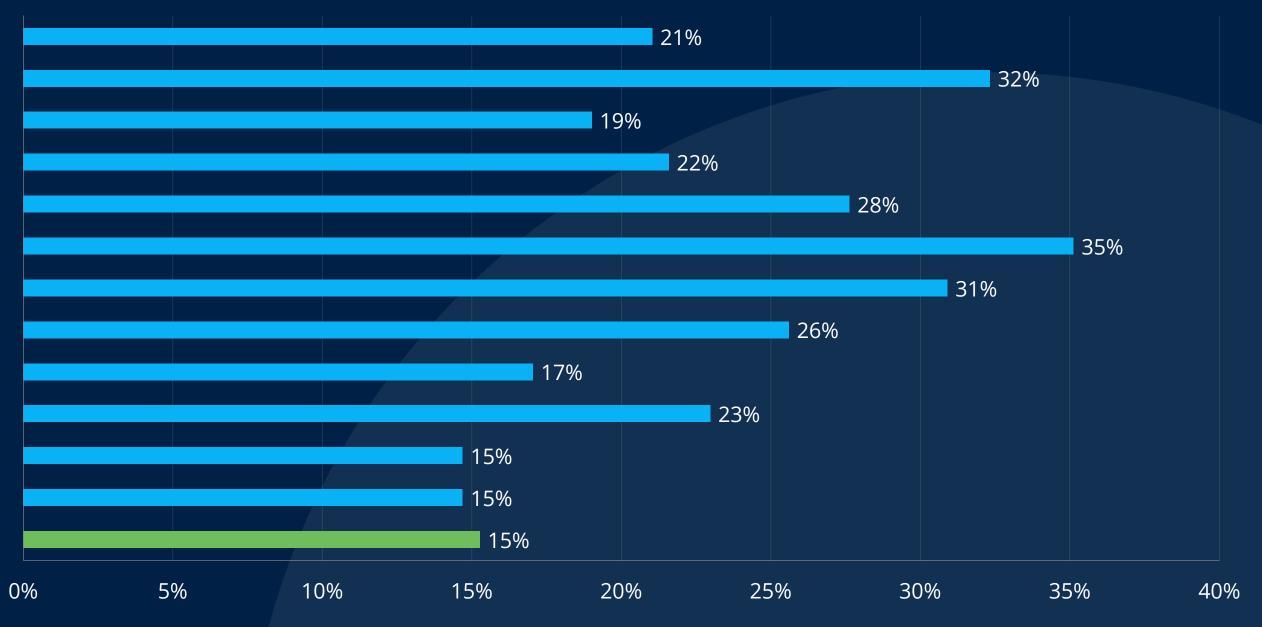
ONTARIO Percent of households (HHs) in Core Housing Need, by HH Income Category

| Affordable shelter cost | Households in Core Housing need | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| | 1p HH | 2р НН | Зр НН | 4р НН | 5p+ HH | All HH sizes |
| <= \$373 | 69,415 | 11,650 | 3,205 | 1,085 | 440 | 85,795 |
| \$374 - \$931 | 242,105 | 132,040 | 57,550 | 34,610 | 17,260 | 483,565 |
| \$932 - \$1,490 | 10,865 | 37,330 | 38,025 | 37,515 | 37,225 | 160,960 |
| \$1,491 - \$2,235 | 185 | 745 | 2,390 | 5,255 | 9,175 | 17,750 |
| >= \$2,236 | 0 | 45 | 40 | 70 | 90 | 245 |
| | 322,570 | 181,810 | 101,210 | 78,535 | 64,190 | 748,315 |
| | shelter cost <= \$373 | shelter cost 1p HH <= \$373 | Arror dable shelter cost $1p$ HH $2p$ HH<= \$373 | Anordable shelter cost $1p HH$ $2p HH$ $3p HH$ $<= 373 $69,415$ $11,650$ $3,205$ $$374 - 931 $242,105$ $132,040$ $57,550$ $$932 - $1,490$ $10,865$ $37,330$ $38,025$ $$1,491 - $2,235$ 185 745 $2,390$ $>= $2,236$ 0 45 40 | Attordable shelter cost1p HH2p HH3p HH4p HH<= \$373 | Allordable shelter cost1p HH2p HH3p HH4p HH5p+ HH $<=$ \$37369,41511,6503,2051,085440\$374 - \$931242,105132,04057,55034,61017,260\$932 - \$1,49010,86537,33038,02537,51537,225\$1,491 - \$2,2351857452,3905,2559,175 $>=$ \$2,236045407090 |

In Ontario, almost 86,000 households in core housing need can afford a maximum of \$373pm in housing costs. A further 484,000 can only afford \$374-931pm.



ONTARIO Percentage of Households (HHs) in Core Housing Need by Priority Population



Women-led HH Single mother-led HH Indigenous HH Visible minority HH Black-led HH New migrant-led HH Refugee claimant-led HH HH head under 25 HH head over 65 HH head over 85 HH with physical activty limitation HH with cognitive activity limitation Community benchmark (all HH)

In Ontario, the greatest proportion of households in core housing need are Single Mother and New Migrant-led households.



Core Housing Need

Currently leaves out

- and in emergency shelters
- 'Hidden' homelessness: individuals and households who are involuntarily "doubling up" or are in insecure accommodation (e.g. "couchsurfing") along with individuals who feel unsafe in their homes because of violence or the threat of violence from a household member or landlord
- **Students**: who are living independently from their families
- Those in congregate housing (e.g. rooming houses, assisted living) who are living in unaffordable, overcrowded or uninhabitable homes
- Indigenous people on reserve
- **People on farms** \bullet

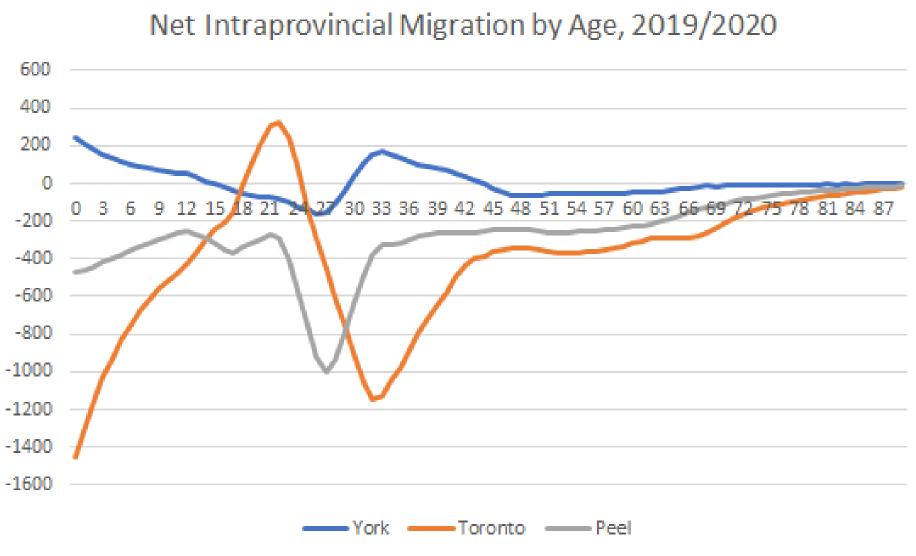


Housing Assessment Resource Tools (HART)

• Homelessness: individuals and households who are unsheltered

Suppressed household formation

"New households that would have been formed but are not due to a lack of attainable options. The persons who would have formed these households include, but are not limited to, many adults living with family members or roommates and individuals wishing to leave unsafe or unstable environments but cannot due to a lack of places to go."





Moffatt, Mike, Dudu, Alison, & Hosseini, Maryam. (2022). Ontario's Need for 1.5 Million More Homes.

Implications for Bill 23

- Complete support for provincial and municipal targets – **at least** 1.5 million new homes by 2031!
- Ontario should use the CMHC/StatsCan definition of \bullet affordable housing – 30% of before-tax household **income** – not one based on market rent
- There should be **sub-targets** based on income categories: and height bonus for 100% affordable
- Need for rental protection so more affordable housing isn't lost (acquisition strategies for social housing?)
- Almost all new homes will need to be delivered to very-low to average income households
- 2021: ON median household income \$91,000 (homeownership affordability 3X median income = \$273,000)

| Income category/ max housing cost | Potential sub- targets | Mechanisms |
|--|------------------------------|---|
| Very Low (\$373pm) | 150,000 | Social/supportive: will need grants/ low cost financing As of right rooming houses in all residential areas (3-4 storeys) |
| Low (\$931pm) | 650,000 | Social housing on government land: provide DC, parkland AND property tax waivers – as of right 8-12 storeys on all 'main streets' with transit; as of right 20-30 storey buildings near major transit areas |
| Moderate (\$1,490) | 300,000 | Mixed-income rental housing (social or private) – at least 30% 2+ bedroom |
| Median (\$2,235) | 400,000 | Mixed-income rental housing and limited equity ownership? –missing middle (triplexes, small apartment buildings, townhouses) |

